Final Assessment: Research Proposal Guidelines

Due 31/08/2025

Qualitative Methods: Theory and Practice
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Overview

Students must submit a **research proposal** (maximum 15 pages, excluding references and appendices) that demonstrates a coherent and critically reflective research design. The proposal must connect a research interest and question to philosophical assumptions (ontology, epistemology, axiology) and to methodological and methodical choices.

I suggest using the information and questions from the "28th April - Research Design" class slides on ontology, epistemology, axiology, methodology and methods to guide your proposal.

Core Components

1. Title and Abstract

A clear title and an abstract summarising the research focus.

2. Introduction and Research Questions

- o Introduction to the topic: academic and/or real-world significance
- o One main research question and optional sub-questions

3. Background and Literature Review

- Overview of key theories, debates and empirical studies
- o Clear identification of a gap or problem that your study addresses
- How your research will contribute to the field

4. Ontology and Epistemology

- Ontological assumptions: nature of reality in your study
- Epistemological assumptions: how knowledge about your topic can be generated
- o Explain the relationship between your worldview and your research aims

5. Axiology

- Reflection on values, biases, researcher positionality and the role (if any) of reflexivity
- Any ethical considerations emerging from your topic, philosophy, methodology etc.
- Where necessary, a relevant and direct link between your positionality and your research choices/process

6. Methodology

- The overarching research strategy
- Why this approach is suited to your ontological and epistemological position

7. Methods and Data Sources

- Data collection techniques and rationale
- Case selection, sampling strategy
- Data management, storage and ethical procedures (can be combined with axiology)
- Outline of data analysis procedures and rationale

8. Evaluation, Limitations and Challenges

- o Potential methodological, ethical or practical limitations
- Strategies to address or mitigate these challenges
- Standards and criteria that will ensure rigour as appropriate to your research philosophy and design

9. References

o Full references using a consistent citation style (e.g. Harvard, APA, Chicago)

10. Appendices (optional and not counted in the page limit)

o Instruments (e.g. interview guides, sample consent forms, coding frameworks)

Grading Criteria

Criterion	Weighting
Research Design Clarity (research questions, methods, feasibility, logical structure)	20%
Engagement with Literature (depth, relevance, critical engagement)	20%
Conceptual Coherence (alignment between philosophy, theory, design, methods)	20%
Critical Reflection (reflexivity, positionality, awareness of limitations, research ethics)	20%
Writing Quality, Organisation and Referencing	20%

1. Research Design Clarity (20%)

What it assesses:

- How clearly and logically the research questions are formulated.
- Whether the proposed methods are appropriate for answering the research questions.
- Feasibility of the project: are the data sources, scope, and timeline realistic?

Indicators of strong performance:

- Research questions are precise, focused and relevant to the problem identified.
- Methods appropriately reflect ontological and epistemological assumptions.
- Anticipated challenges are addressed realistically.

2. Engagement with Literature (20%)

What it assesses:

- Depth and breadth of reading relevant to the topic and methodology.
- Ability to critically engage with and apply theories, concepts and empirical studies (not just summarising).
- Use of literature to justify choices throughout the proposal.

Indicators of strong performance:

- Shows understanding of key debates in the field.
- Critical comparisons between sources, not just descriptions.
- Integrates literature into the argumentation logically.

3. Conceptual Coherence (20%)

What it assesses:

- Consistency and logical connection between ontology, epistemology, methodology and methods
- Whether the philosophical foundations underpin the research design properly.

Indicators of strong performance:

- Philosophical assumptions are made explicit and defended.
- Methodological and method choices logically follow from these assumptions.
- There is a clear "red line" running from research question, philosophy to design choices and possible challenges with no internal contradictions between different parts of the proposal.

4. Critical Reflection (20%)

What it assesses:

- Awareness and discussion of the researcher's own values, assumptions and positionality where they are clearly **relevant** to research design choices.
- Acknowledgement of the ethical and practical limitations of the research.
- Thoughtful consideration of how biases and context might shape findings, and of how participants can be ethically integrated (e.g. informed consent, anonymity, etc.).

Indicators of strong performance:

- Honest and thoughtful engagement with potential biases.
- Ethical considerations integrated into the research design, not added superficially.
- Recognition of challenges and uncertainties in the knowledge-production process.
- A realistic reflection on the potential (negative) effects on participants and how to mitigate.

5. Writing Quality, Organisation, and Referencing (20%)

What it assesses:

- Clarity, readability, specific and direct wording (no AI vagueness) and logical flow of writing.
- Proper structure (clear sections, coherent argument development).
- Correct and consistent referencing style throughout.

Indicators of strong performance:

- Clear and well-organised structure with good signposting.
- Formal academic writing, few language errors, no Al generated text identifiable.
- All sources cited properly and consistently.